Section	Description
Resource Title	Biomass production from grassland – Demand
Resource Abstract	In the Alps, grassland is the basis for forage farming owing to local conditions
	like climate and slope steepness. Due to structural change of agriculture in the
	Alps, the supply of biomass production from grassland is influenced among
	others by the use of fertilizers and selection of forage plants. Grassland
	formations range from intensively managed pastures in the valley bottoms to
	extensive meadows and Alpine swards upwards the altitudinal belt. Location
	factors like temperature, soil and radiation have a significant impact on the
	productivity. Grassland ecosystems can provide multiple ecosystem services:
	Depending on the use of the biomass, the service can be described in dry
	matter per hectare or energy content per amount of dry matter.
Resource Type	Dataset
Resource locator	http://www.alpes-
	webgis.eu/?X=850359.92&Y=5947762.56&zoom=6⟨=en&focus=focus al
	pes&bgLayer=alpes.osm.stamentoner.60002&layers opacity=1,0.7&layers=al
	pes.alpinespace.40001.wms,alpes.essi.10001
Unique Resource	VJ5S-B3YQ-N8PA-ZJ6Q
Identifier	
Resource Language	eng
Topic Category	Farming
	Environment
Keyword value	Land cover (INSPIRE Spatial Data Theme)
	Land use (INSPIRE Spatial Data Theme)
	Agriculture and cattle industry(GEMET Concepts)
	Cattle (GEMET Concepts)
	Biomass (GEMET Concepts)
	Energy (GEMET Concepts)
Originating	- title: GEMET - INSPIRE themes, version 1.0
controlled	- date:
vocabulary	-dateType: publication
	-date: 2008-06-01
	- title: GEMET - Concepts, version 4.0.1
	- date:
	-dateType: publication
	-date: 2017-06-28
Geographic bounding	West = 1.986194
box	F + 10 (220 (1
	East = 18.622061
	North - 50 060114
	North = 50.068114
	South = 42 700E01
Coordinata reference	South = 42.700501
Coordinate reference	EPSG: 3035 (ETRS89, LAEA)
System	

Temporal extent	2010-2011
Date of publication	2018-07-20
Lineage	Amount of energy which is needed by forage feeding animals to grow, live and produce animal products like milk (MJ NEL/ ha municipal area)
	The most important forage feeding species in the Alpine space are bovine animals, horses, sheep and goats. The energy demand depends on the herd composition (age class, gender) of each species and desired output of animal products. In the calculation, the energy demand for growing and living of the above-mentioned species is taken into account as well the energy, which is needed to produce milk from dairy cows.
Spatial resolution	100000
Specification	Commission Regulation (EU) No 1089/2010 of 23 November 2010 implementing Directive 2007/2/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards interoperability of spatial data sets and services, date of publication: 2010-12-08.
Degree	Null
Conditions applying to access and use	CC BY-NC 4.0
Limitations on public access	No Limitation
Responsible party	Eurac Research, Viale Druso 1, 39100 Bolzano, Italy Institute for Alpine Environment - <a href="mailto:alpine.environment@eurac.edu">alpine.environment@eurac.edu</a>
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Metadata date	2018-03-14
Metadata language	eng